

Cambridge IGCSE®

FIRST LANGUAGE ENGLISH

0500/02

Paper 2 Directed Writing and Composition

For examination from 2020

MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 80

Specimen

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For examination from 2020

Generic Marking Principles

These general marking principles must be applied by all examiners when marking candidate answers. They should be applied alongside the specific content of the mark scheme or generic level descriptors for a question. Each question paper and mark scheme will also comply with these marking principles.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 1:

Marks must be awarded in line with:

- the specific content of the mark scheme or the generic level descriptors for the question
- the specific skills defined in the mark scheme or in the generic level descriptors for the question
- the standard of response required by a candidate as exemplified by the standardisation scripts.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 2:

Marks awarded are always **whole marks** (not half marks, or other fractions).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 3:

Marks must be awarded **positively**:

- marks are awarded for correct/valid answers, as defined in the mark scheme. However, credit
 is given for valid answers which go beyond the scope of the syllabus and mark scheme,
 referring to your Team Leader as appropriate
- marks are awarded when candidates clearly demonstrate what they know and can do
- marks are not deducted for errors
- marks are not deducted for omissions
- answers should only be judged on the quality of spelling, punctuation and grammar when these features are specifically assessed by the question as indicated by the mark scheme. The meaning, however, should be unambiguous.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 4:

Rules must be applied consistently e.g. in situations where candidates have not followed instructions or in the application of generic level descriptors.

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 5:

Marks should be awarded using the full range of marks defined in the mark scheme for the question (however; the use of the full mark range may be limited according to the quality of the candidate responses seen).

GENERIC MARKING PRINCIPLE 6:

Marks awarded are based solely on the requirements as defined in the mark scheme. Marks should not be awarded with grade thresholds or grade descriptors in mind.

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Note: All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated. Nonetheless, the content must be clearly related to and derived from the text.

Section A: Directed Writing

Question 1

This question tests the following writing assessment objectives (25 marks)

W1 articulate experience and express what is thought, felt and imagined

W2 organise and structure ideas and opinions for deliberate effect

W3 use a range of vocabulary and sentence structures appropriate to context

W4 use register appropriate to context

W5 make accurate use of spelling, punctuation and grammar.

and reading assessment objectives (15 marks)

R1 demonstrate understanding of explicit meanings

R2 demonstrate understanding of implicit meanings and attitudes

R3 analyse, evaluate and develop facts, ideas and opinions, using appropriate support from the text

R5 select and use information for specific purposes.

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Question	Answer	Marks		
1	Imagine you are a pupil in a school which does not have a school council.	40		
	Write a speech to be given in a school assembly, giving your views on whether or not students should participate in decisions made about the school.			
	 In your speech you should: evaluate the views given in both texts about student participation give your own views, based on what you have read, about whether a school council would benefit students and teachers. 			
	Base your speech on what you have read in <u>both</u> texts, but be careful to use your own words. Address both of the bullet points.			
	Begin your speech: 'Thank you for coming to listen to me today'.			
	Write about 250 to 350 words.			
	Up to 15 marks are available for the content of your answer, and up to 25 marks for the quality of your writing.			
	Notes on task:			
	Responses <i>might</i> use the following ideas:			
	Text A			
	 'once fashionable' – student representation may just be a passing fad School councils take up too much time and energy from students and teachers 'lip service' – if student representation is fake, it has no substance Teachers are accountable to parents and should put education first Experienced teachers should make decisions, not children 			
	Text B			
	 An 'enlightened' approach is needed to make school councils work Student participation is very popular and well regarded Student participation works when children are involved in 'real' issues Students can take responsibility for difficult problems, e.g. behaviour Participation can make a difference to students' attitudes to school Attendance and results are improved by participation Students can learn important skills, e.g. negotiation, communication, decision-making Students can have a fresh eye on issues Decisions made may have a major impact on them so they are motivated to participate 			

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Question	Answer	Marks
1	Possible evaluation of ideas:	
	Text A	
	 School councils may indeed be pointless if students' decisions are not valued Mr Aziz suggests students have little experience to bring to decisions about school The main function of a school is to educate – this has implications for student participation 	
	Text B	
	 Student representation on its own is not enough – needs planning Some quite ambitious claims are made about its benefits – are these realistic? Not much is said about how much time and commitment it takes – just that it should be spelt out 	
	Possible synthesis of ideas:	
	Text A seems to illustrate a different approach to education/the purpose of schools from Text B. The approach in Text A is based on the authority of the teacher/lack of trust in students, whereas the approach in Text B is based on the teacher as facilitator/faith in students to make good decisions – candidates' own views may reflect this.	
	Text A shows some ridicule towards student participation while Text B enthuses about it – the candidate may suggest these are both extremes and the truth lies somewhere in between.	
	The 'it all depends' approach may show synthesis of ideas – Mr Aziz's cynicism means student participation would never work but students' 'fresh eye' on difficult problems might work.	

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Marking criteria for Section A Question 1

Table A, Writing

Use the following table to give a mark out of 25 for writing.

Level	Marks	Description
6	22–25	 Highly effective style capable of conveying subtle meaning. (W1) Carefully structured for benefit of the reader. (W2) Wide range of sophisticated vocabulary, precisely used. (W3) Highly effective register for audience and purpose. (W4) Spelling, punctuation and grammar almost always accurate. (W5)
5	18–21	 Effective style. (W1) Secure overall structure, organised to help the reader. (W2) Wide range of vocabulary, used with some precision. (W3) Effective register for audience and purpose. (W4) Spelling, punctuation and grammar mostly accurate, with occasional minor errors. (W5)
4	14–17	 Sometimes effective style. (W1) Ideas generally well sequenced. (W2) Range of vocabulary is adequate and sometimes effective. (W3) Sometimes effective register for audience and purpose. (W4) Spelling, punctuation and grammar generally accurate though with some errors. (W5)
3	10–13	 Inconsistent style, expression sometimes awkward but meaning clear. (W1) Relies on the sequence of the original text. (W2) Vocabulary is simple, limited in range or reliant on the original text. (W3) Some awareness of an appropriate register for audience and purpose. (W4) Frequent errors of spelling, punctuation and grammar, sometimes serious. (W5)
2	6–9	 Limited style. (W1) Response is not well sequenced. (W2) Limited vocabulary or words/phrases copied from the original text. (W3) Limited awareness of appropriate register for audience and purpose. (W4) Persistent errors of spelling, punctuation and grammar. (W5)
1	1–5	 Expression unclear. (W1) Poor sequencing of ideas. (W2) Very limited vocabulary or copying from the original text. (W3) Very limited awareness of appropriate register for audience and purpose. (W4) Persistent errors in spelling, punctuation and grammar impede communication. (W5)
0	0	No creditable content.

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Table B, Reading

Use the following table to give a mark out of 15 for reading.

Level	Marks	Description	
6	13–15	 Successfully evaluates ideas and opinions, both explicit and implicit. (R1, R2, R3) Assimilates ideas from the text to give a developed, sophisticated response. (R3, R5) 	
5	10–12	 Some successful evaluation of ideas and opinions, both explicit and implicit. (R1, R2, R3) A thorough response, supported by a detailed selection of relevant ideas from the text. (R3, R5) 	
4	7–9	 Begins to evaluate mainly explicit ideas and opinions. (R1, R2, R3) An appropriate response that includes relevant ideas from the text. (R3, R5) 	
3	5–6	 Selects and comments on explicit ideas and opinions. (R1, R2, R3) Makes a general response including a few relevant ideas from the text. (R3, R5) 	
2	3–4	 Identifies explicit ideas and opinions. (R1, R2, R3) Makes a limited response with little evidence from the text. (R3, R5) 	
1	1–2	Very limited response with minimal relation to the text. (R1, R2, R3, R5)	
0	0	No creditable content.	

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Section B: Composition

Questions 2, 3, 4 or 5

This question tests the following writing assessment objectives (40 marks)

W1 articulate experience and express what is thought, felt and imagined

W2 organise and structure ideas and opinions for deliberate effect

W3 use a range of vocabulary and sentence structures appropriate to context

W4 use register appropriate to context

W5 make accurate use of spelling, punctuation and grammar.

Question	Answer	Marks
2	EITHER	40
	Describe an occasion when a group of people are eating together.	
	Use Table A to give a mark out of 16 for content and structure, and Table B to give a mark out of 24 for style and accuracy.	

Question	Answer	Marks
3	OR	40
	Describe a busy train or bus station.	
	Use Table A to give a mark out of 16 for content and structure, and Table B to give a mark out of 24 for style and accuracy.	

Question	Answer	Marks
4	OR	40
	Write a story that includes the words, ' nothing could have prepared him for what he saw'.	
	Use Table A to give a mark out of 16 for content and structure, and Table B to give a mark out of 24 for style and accuracy.	

Question	Answer	Marks
5	OR	40
	Write a story that involves a character new to the area.	
	Use Table A to give a mark out of 16 for content and structure, and Table B to give a mark out of 24 for style and accuracy.	

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Marking criteria for Section B

Table A, Composition: Content and structure

Level	Marks	General and specific marking criteria	
6	14–16	General	
 Content is complex, engaging and effect Structure is secure, well balanced and conference effect. (W2) 		Structure is secure, well balanced as	
		Specific – descriptive	Specific – narrative
		Many well-defined and developed ideas and images create a convincing overall picture with varieties of focus.	The plot is well-defined and strongly developed with features of fiction writing such as description, characterisation and effective climax, and convincing details.
5	11–13	Gen	eral
		 Content is developed, engaging and Structure is well managed, with som (W2) 	effective. (W1) e choices made for deliberate effect.
		Specific – descriptive	Specific – narrative
		Frequent, well-chosen images and details give a mostly convincing picture.	The plot is defined and developed with features of fiction writing such as description, characterisation, climax and details.
4	8–10	Gen	eral
		 Content is relevant with some development Structure is competently managed. (• • • •
		Specific – descriptive	Specific – narrative
		A selection of relevant ideas, images and details, even where there is a tendency to write in a narrative style.	The plot is relevant and cohesive, with some features such as characterisation and setting of scene.
3	5–7	Gen	neral
		 Content is straightforward and briefly Structure is mostly organised but ma 	• • •
		Specific – descriptive	Specific – narrative
		The task is addressed with a series of relevant but straightforward details, which may be more typical of a narrative.	The plot is straightforward, with limited use of the features of narrative writing.

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Level	Marks	General and speci	fic marking criteria
2	3–4	General	
		 Content is simple, and ideas and eve Structure is partially organised but lie 	, ,
		Specific – descriptive	Specific – narrative
		The recording of some relevant events with limited detail.	The plot is a simple narrative that may consist of events that are only partially linked and/or which are presented with partial clarity.
1	1–2	Ger	neral
		 Content is occasionally relevant or c Structure is limited and ineffective. (*) 	· ·
		Specific – descriptive	Specific – narrative
		The description is unclear and lacks detail.	The plot and/or narrative lacks coherence.
0	0	No creditable content.	

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Table B, Composition: Style and accuracy

Level	Marks	Description	
6	21–24	 Precise, well-chosen vocabulary and varied sentence structures, chosen for effect. (W3) Consistent well-chosen register suitable for the context. (W4) Spelling, punctuation and grammar almost always accurate. (W5) 	
5	17–20	 Mostly precise vocabulary and a range of sentence structures mostly used for effect. (W3) Mostly consistent appropriate register suitable for the context. (W4) Spelling, punctuation and grammar mostly accurate, with occasional minor errors. (W5) 	
4	13–16	 Some precise vocabulary and a range of sentence structures sometimes used for effect. (W3) Some appropriate register for the context. (W4) Spelling, punctuation and grammar generally accurate, but with some errors. (W5) 	
3	9–12	 Simple vocabulary and a range of straightforward sentence structures. (W3) Simple register with a general awareness of the context. (W4) Frequent errors of spelling, punctuation and grammar, occasionally serious. (W5) 	
2	5–8	 Limited and/or imprecise vocabulary and sentence structures. (W3) Limited and/or imprecise register for the context. (W4) Persistent errors of spelling, punctuation and grammar. (W5) 	
1	1–4	 Frequently imprecise vocabulary and sentence structures. (W3) Register demonstrates little or no sense of the context. (W4) Persistent errors of spelling, punctuation and grammar impair communication. (W5) 	
0	0	No creditable content.	

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